

TIME CARD.
Daily—6:45 a. m. to 10:55 a. m. 11:35 a. m. to 1:35 p. m. 2:15 p. m. to 4:15 p. m. 5:00 p. m. to 7:00 p. m. 8:00 p. m. to 10:00 p. m.
Sundays—10:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. to 4:30 p. m. 6:30 p. m. to 8:30 p. m.
*Stop only for passengers to Birmingham and beyond.

WE ASSURE BUYERS
that our stock displays to-day the best values we have
Ever Shown in All Departments.

JAMESTOWN DRESS GOODS
50 styles, the latest novelties, at \$2.95 per dress.

CORSETS
Summer, at 39 and 50c. The best ever shown

H. E. CHURCHILL & CO.
No. 39 North Street.

READY PAY STORE
BEST BUTTER 19 CTS.

READY PAY STORE
Gas Engines.

HARTIG Gas or Gasoline ENGINES.

CHAS. H. BRINK
16 King St., Times Building.

BELLAVITA Arsenic Beauty Tablets and Pills
This Complexion Treatment is a guaranteed specific, perfectly safe and sure in its action, for the removal of various disorders of the skin, viz: Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Itch, Scabs, Discolorations, Freckles, etc. It is a new and wonderful discovery for the skin, and is the only one that will cure the skin of all these troubles. It is a new and wonderful discovery for the skin, and is the only one that will cure the skin of all these troubles. It is a new and wonderful discovery for the skin, and is the only one that will cure the skin of all these troubles.

S. M. BOYD
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
FIRE INSURANCE.

JACOB GUNTHER.
Simply develop the catarrh, they dry up the secretions, which adhere to the mucous membrane and decompose, causing a far more serious trouble than the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all dyes in medicine and use what cleanses, soothes and heals. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy, will cure catarrh or cold in the head only and pleasantly. All druggists sell it at 50 cents or it will be sent by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

Pho Wines, Liquors and Cigars
Ample Room for Sale and Entertainment—Noble Hall.

A SUITE OF REVERE ROOMS, WITH BATH AND KITCHEN, FOR SALE ON EAST STREET.
A. H. HARRINGTON, EMPIRE BLOCK, 417 N. 10th St., N. Y.

DAILY ARGUS.
C. MACARDILL, JR., PUBLISHER.
GEORGE H. THOMPSON, Editor.
J. E. BAILEY, Business Manager.
A. E. NICKINSON, City Editor.
Published every afternoon, except Sunday, at 6 o'clock.
Subscription prices: 1 month, 50 cents; 3 months, 1.50; 6 months, 3.00; 1 year, 5.00.
Delivered by carrier to any part of this city and suburbs or mailed to any part of the United States. Goods or cash in advance.
OFFICE—11 AND 13 KING ST., MIDDLETOWN.
OPEN EVENINGS.
Hudson River and Orange Co. Telephones.
THE SEMI-WEEKLY MERCURY
Issued Every Tuesday and Friday.
TERMS—\$1.50 Per Year, 75c. For Six Months.
THE EXTENSIVE BONA-FIDE CIRCULATION OF THE ARGUS AND MERCURY makes them excellent advertising mediums. Give them a trial. Rates on application.

OUR JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT
is noted for first-class work. Prices always right. Orders promptly attended to.

OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.
FRIDAY, APRIL 21, 1899.

Michigan farmers have found the raising of sugar beets a most excellent thing. Their incomes from their farms have been very largely increased and in the vicinity of all the factories farm lands have doubled in price.

George Lea's Democratic dinner was such an all around success that it is more than likely that the Democrats of this city will make the observance of Jefferson's birthday an annual custom. By all means let us have more Democratic dinners.

Speaker Reed's proposal removed to New York city is working the politicians. They fancy there is some political purpose back of it. McKinley's friends fear an understanding with Platt in regard to 1900, and Roosevelt and his friends fear that Platt, not having found the Governor always in a tractable mood may purpose putting the man from Maine forward to head off the Governor's ambitions.

The New York Press, a Republican paper, thus summarizes the situation at Albany in the closing hours of the Republican legislature: "Seldom in the history of legislation in this State has special legislation of a personal and vicious nature been allowed to run riot as now. Bills demanded by the Platt lobby are being rushed through both houses, while Platt agents swarm in the corridors and drive Republican members to their seats to vote."

From Washington comes the report which is given out about once a week, apparently for the purpose of preparing the public mind for the verdict, that the army's best court of inquiry will find Gen. Miles' charges only partly sustained, and will also find that no one was to blame for furnishing bad food to the army. No matter what the findings of the court the people of this country have made up their minds about this last business and know where responsibility for it rests.

George W. Aldridge has in a measure squared accounts with Platt. The Monroe county Senators, Parsons and Armstrong, who are entirely subject to Aldridge's direction, announced Thursday that they would not vote for the State constitutional bill. Their objection killed the bill, which was the last of many partisan measures the Republican machine has stood sponsor for and the one which Platt was most anxious to have passed and which he declared was "absolutely necessary for Republican success in 1900." And the irony of the situation is that the bill which Aldridge has killed was such a radically vicious measure that he and his Senators are lauded by many Republican newspapers and by all the reformers (except Platt's creature in the Governor's chair) and their action has been formally endorsed by Rochester's Chamber of Commerce.

The Republican legislature of Illinois, now sitting at Springfield, has today passed a bill to investigate the Democratic city of Chicago. The city of Chicago, irrespective of party, is up on arms against this attempt to backen the good name of their city for partisan ends. Chicago has thrived and grown and prospered beyond any other city in this country, not only because of her natural advantages but also because of the absolute and unwavering loyalty of her citizens to her interests. It has never been the fashion in Chicago to do as the best folk has always been put forward and it is a new and unwelcome experience for the city to find that a party of "jays" from the State legislature are coming to town to try and advertise to the world that Chicago is badly governed and that life and property are not safe within her limits because her citizens prefer Democratic to Republican rule. The prediction is openly made by the Republican papers in Chicago that the Republican party will lose a hundred votes for every one it will gain as a result of this inquisition on which it has entered.

When Traveling
Whether on pleasure bent or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Fies. It is not only pleasant and effective on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing sickness, but also a bottle of this Syrup of Fies. It is not only pleasant and effective on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing sickness, but also a bottle of this Syrup of Fies. It is not only pleasant and effective on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing sickness, but also a bottle of this Syrup of Fies.

To-Night and To-Morrow Night
and each day and night during this week you can get at any druggist's, Ely's Cream Balm for the Throat and Lungs, acknowledged to be the most successful remedy ever sold for Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption. Get a bottle to-day and keep it always in the house, so you can check your cold at once. Price 25c and 50c. Sample bottle free.

Dysing Preparations
Simply develop the catarrh, they dry up the secretions, which adhere to the mucous membrane and decompose, causing a far more serious trouble than the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all dyes in medicine and use what cleanses, soothes and heals. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy, will cure catarrh or cold in the head only and pleasantly. All druggists sell it at 50 cents or it will be sent by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

ROYAL Baking Powder
Made from pure cream of tartar.
Safeguards the food against alum.
Alum baking powders are the greatest enemies to health of the present day.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

FOR THE MISSION CAUSE.
Meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of St. Paul's Church.
A very interesting meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of St. Paul's Church, was held Thursday afternoon, from 4 to 6 p. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. J. Chambers, 411 John street.

The subject of the meeting was Confucius, the Chinese philosopher, and after devotional exercises his life and works were reviewed by various members of the society. Several members read observations on the Life of Confucius from "The Study" which valuable little paper, it was decided to order for the ensuing year.

Miss Wrayman read an article by Laura Morrison White on "Confucius," and Miss Budd supplemented this by reading from Confucius.

Musical numbers to the enjoyment of the hour, and after Mrs. Deane had given the ladies the benefit of the ideas she had gleaned from attending of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society at Newburgh, the programme was concluded.

A social hour was then in order, which a happily spent, during which refreshments were served. Twenty-three ladies, under the meeting, one of the society's most pleasant and profitable.

GREENVILLE.
Arbitration in Blossom-Saved or His Thimble-Other Notes.
Correspondence Argus and Mercury.

The fragment arbiters has already made its appearance in the Woods hereabouts.

—Miss Stone's suit with a sad accident, last week for a while saving word, was closed off his last thimble.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Phillips, of New-ton, spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Ferguson.

—Ed. Malley, of this place, and Ed. Ward, of Newburgh, of Newburgh, were married at the Docktown Methodist parsonage, Sunday afternoon.

—They went directly to their home in Newburgh.

—Mrs. Emma Myers, of Waterloo, spent a few days this week at the home of her brother, J. L. Van Fleet.

—Mrs. P. S. Shamburgh is on the sick list.

MONTGOMERY.
Business Change—Disappointed Fishermen.
Correspondence Argus and Mercury.

The undertaking establishment of the late J. L. J. Smith has been sold to a gentleman from Washington, who takes possession, May 1.

—Two well known young sporting men of this village, not a quarter of a mile from the village, were found to be caught without a mile of this village, so they quietly went out. Monday was the first day the law was out of the pocket of the hunters to bring back their birds and fish. But, alas, the brook proved to be a ditch in a swamp, and now some one states whenever they meet them.

FIGHTING CONTINUES
Filipinos Still Harass Americans Around Manila.
SPLIT ANNOUNCED IN THE JUNTA.
A Majority in Favor of Conference With Secretary Hay—Others Favor a Meeting Between Aguinaldo and Admiral Dewey.

MANILA, April 21.—A scouting party of the Philippine army, near the garrison, between Matolos and Biga, met a superior force of Filipinos yesterday morning. The Americans repulsed the enemy's attack until, just as their ammunition was falling, the Philippines were scattered. One soldier of the Philippine army was wounded.

A body of about 100 rebels tried to break through the lines of Price's battalion of the Fourth regiment at Pangasinan yesterday night, but they were repulsed without any loss on the American side.

Thirteen Spanish gunboats have arrived here under the convoy of the Concord and Petrel. While lying in the waters of the south these boats were looted of their stores and provisions.

Spain's evacuation of the Philippine Islands will be practically completed by the withdrawal of the Spanish garrison from Zamboanga, island of Mindanao, and from the Sulu islands, and if the United States cannot control of Mindanao and the Sulu islands on the Sulu islands withdrawing the military authorities here must, in order to garrison those islands, diminish the force of American troops, which is already too small.

There was almost mutiny among the Spanish troops in the islands because they were ordered to proceed to the Mariana Islands (for Ladrone Islands) and the Caroline Islands, some of them refusing to do so, claiming that their enlistments had expired. The latter were arrested and were allowed to return to Spain on board the transport Alava.

The native troops in the Spanish garrisons are in a bad plight. They must accompany the Spaniards or risk the vengeance of their competitors. The Spaniards are determined to disband them, but they refuse to give up their arms.

General Rios, the Spanish representative in the Philippines, says that the steamships Porto Rico, Cataluna and Lorient will proceed next week to Zamboanga and Jolo to transport direct to Spain the remaining 2,000 Spanish soldiers at those places.

A Split in the Junta.
LONDON, April 21.—It has been learned here that a serious split has occurred among the members of the Filipino Junta, a majority of whom are in favor of a conference with the secretary of state at Washington, Colonel John Hay, with the view of bringing about a peaceful solution of the Philippine question.

Four delegates—Lacala, Marti, Lopez and others—representing the Aguinaldo faction, have started for Manila, leaving Aguinaldo, Diego and Lunan, who insist upon absolute and unconditional independence, in Europe.

The others do not object to the formation of a committee to represent the government of the islands, and they say they believe a personal meeting between Aguinaldo and Admiral Dewey, in whom alone the Filipinos declare they have confidence, will lead to a settlement.

Thirty Thousand Men Enough.
WASHINGTON, April 21.—Secretary Alger has received a reply from General Otis to his inquiry as to whether the representatives proposed to be sent to Manila to relieve the volunteers would be sufficient for the purposes of the campaign. General Otis replies in the affirmative, the estimate of 20,000 men to constitute the army agreeing with his own calculations.

The programme for the movement of the regulars out to Manila and of the volunteers' homeward will therefore be carried out according to General Otis' statement contained in his dispatch.

General Otis adds to his message the hopeful remark that he expects very shortly to be able to report a decided improvement in the situation in the Philippines.

Cable For Philippines.
NEW YORK, April 21.—Brigadier General A. W. Greely, the chief of the signal service of the army, is in New York to superintend the stowing away of the 250 miles of cable to be carried to Manila by the cable ship Hooker. The cable is intended to connect the important islands of the Philippine group and in order to preserve it until Manila is reached the cable has to be stowed away carefully in tanks and kept under water for the entire journey.

Only as a Last Resort.
WASHINGTON, April 21.—It is stated positively at the war department that the provisional army of 55,000 volunteers authorized by the law will be called out only as a last resort. No such action is now in contemplation, and it will be avoided as long as possible.

Reciprocally With Germany.
WASHINGTON, April 21.—The reciprocity negotiations between the United States and Germany have been transferred to Berlin, where Ambassador White is negotiating directly with the Berlin foreign office. Considerable progress has been made by the announcement of the minister of finance that the United States does not expect to receive, under the proposed reciprocity arrangement, concessions granted to France in the recent Franco-American reciprocity arrangement, unless Germany made concessions similar to those by which France had secured the arrangement. This reciprocity question will, however, matter is now under negotiation in Berlin.

Newspaper at Sing Sing.
SING SING, April 21.—A new field of activity has been opened to the convicts in Sing Sing prison. They are to publish a weekly newspaper, and the first number will be distributed among the men on Saturday. The name selected for the paper is the Star of Sing Sing. It will consist of four pages. Sing Sing prison has an extensive printing establishment, and the "copy" from the inmates which escapes the blue pencil of the warden will be set up and printed by convict printers in the shop.

Dead Man Identified.
LOWELL, Mass., April 21.—The body of a man who was apprehended in the St. Charles hotel has been identified as that of James Grogan of Westfield, Conn., formerly of Lowell, N. H. He was 65 years old and leaves a daughter in Lynn, Mass., and other relatives in Connecticut.

Lincoln's Birthplace Sold.
HODGENSVILLE, Ky., April 21.—The farm on which Abraham Lincoln was born, two miles south of here, has been sold to David Greer of New York. It is probable the farm will be converted into a park.

Compensations to Oust Johnson.
WASHINGTON, April 21.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, has presented to the president a petition asking for the removal of Claude M. Johnson, director of the bureau of printing and engraving.

A Shipyard Strike.
SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—Owing to dissatisfaction caused by the acts of a foreman 150 calkers and ship carpenters employed by William A. Boole & Son on Government work have struck.

ARRESTED IN SAMOA
Commander of German Ship Falke in British Hands.
RE SUPPLIED ARMS TO MATAFA.

News Reaches Authentic, but Washington Authorities Doubt It. Say the Report Is Absurd—May Have Been German Planter.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 21.—A Times special from Victoria, B. C., says that the German ship Falke, from Australia, brings adjectives that the commander of the German man-of-war Falke at Samoa had been arrested by the British and is now held a prisoner on the vessel Porpoise. He was surprised by a squad of British sailors landing arms and ammunition to Matafa's men. The report was brought to Australia by the passengers on the steamer Utopia.

After the arrest of the Falke's commander a conference was held between Captain Sturdee and Admiral Kautz, and the Porpoise and the Philadelphia steamed to positions on either side of the Falke. Orders were then sent aboard that if she made a move of any kind she would be blown out of the water. No one is allowed to go aboard or leave the German ship of war without permission written and signed by either Captain Sturdee or the Porpoise or Admiral Kautz.

Fighting continues between the forces of Matafa and Malletta Tenu. Bush fighting with slight loss of life is daily occurring, and business is practically at a standstill. There is considerable sickness among seamen of the Porpoise and the Philadelphia. Three of the Porpoise's crew died from fever. Lieutenant Garnet of the Porpoise is among the sick. Matafa's cause is waning.

April 4 is the date on which the reported arrest was made.

News Doubtful at Washington.
WASHINGTON, April 21.—The statement that the commander of the German cruiser Falke had been arrested at Apia by the British naval commander was at once scouted by the officials to whom it was referred here. Both Secretary Hay and Secretary Long expressed their disbelief in the accuracy of the report. Attention was directed to the fact that the navy department had heard from Admiral Kautz by cable from Auckland at a later date than that upon which the steamer just arrived at Victoria must have sailed from Apia on her long eastward voyage. Admiral Kautz's report was dated April 4, and it was forwarded from the nearest cable station, Auckland, April 12. It is regarded as extremely unlikely that a steamer could have made the trip from Apia to Victoria since April 4.

It is pointed out in official German quarters that the arrest of the commander of one warship by the commander of another ship is an absurdity, and, moreover, cable advices have reached the embassy much later than those which a steamer could have brought to British Columbia in which case a dispatch from the British Embassy in London would have been received at the embassy of such an occurrence.

Planted Instead of Commander?
ST. PAUL, April 21.—It is believed here that the dispatch from Apia refers to the planting of a German agent upon whose plantation the British and American forces were ambushed, but the dispatch as received at Victoria reads "Commander of the German warship Falke."

Stamps for the Philippines.
WASHINGTON, April 21.—The post-office department is preparing to send a supply of stamps to the director of posts for the Philippines at Manila. In the stamps to be issued to replace the Spanish stamps. The stamps will be similar to those used in this country, but will have the word "Philippines" printed across the face. The following quantities will be forwarded in about a week: 75,000,000 of one cent, 25,000,000 of two cents, 10,000,000 of three cents, 5,000,000 of four cents, 2,500,000 of five cents, 1,000,000 of six cents, 500,000 of seven cents, 250,000 of eight cents, 125,000 of nine cents, 62,500 of ten cents, 31,250 of eleven cents, 15,625 of twelve cents, 7,812 of thirteen cents, 3,906 of fourteen cents, 1,953 of fifteen cents, 976 of sixteen cents, 488 of seventeen cents, 244 of eighteen cents, 122 of nineteen cents, 61 of twenty cents.

Ex-President Harrison's Movements.
INDIANAPOLIS, April 21.—Ex-President Harrison, wife and daughter left last night for Hot Springs, Va. After two weeks' rest in Virginia he will go to New York, where the time until May 17, the date of sailing for Paris, will be spent with the counsel associated with him in his efforts to settle in the Franco-British boundary dispute and the final preparation will be made for appearance before the tribunal of arbitration in Paris.

The Hirsch Estate.
VIENNA, April 21.—The Neue Freie Presse asserts that the estate left by the late Baroness Maurine de Hirsch de Gerolstein, who died April 1, has been valued at \$125,000,000, of which \$100,000,000 will be expended in carrying on the various charities founded or fostered by the Baron and Baroness. The Hirsch foundation in New York receives \$120,000 and the institute at Montreal one-tenth of that amount.

Promotion For Chaffee.
WASHINGTON, April 21.—Colonel John P. Bacon, Eighth cavalry, at the end of four months' leave of absence, will be retired at his own request. His retirement will promote Lieutenant Colonel R. B. Chaffee to be colonel. Colonel Chaffee is now brigadier general of volunteers on the staff of General Brooke.

Postal Treaty With Venezuela.
WASHINGTON, April 21.—After several conferences with the minister from Venezuela the United States postoffice officials have entered into an agreement for a parcel post treaty with Venezuela. The treaty will be signed by the United States and Venezuela, and will be in operation within three or four months.

Large Revenue Receipts.
WASHINGTON, April 21.—The monthly statement of the collections of internal revenue shows that during the month of March, 1899, the total receipts were \$22,738,447, an increase over March, 1898, of \$9,491,340. For the nine months of the present fiscal year the total receipts were \$201,532,141, an increase over the corresponding period of last year of \$7,730,469.

New York Appropriations.
ALBANY, April 21.—The appropriation bill submitted to the assembly by the Republican leader, Mr. Aldis, in its final form shows a gain for the taxpayers of \$20,121,866. The total amount of the appropriations for the year 1898 for the general tax, schools, insane and insane was \$16,315,632, while this year it amounts to \$16,344,744.

"A good thick coat of paint" is an erroneous expression. It should read "a good thin coat of paint," for paint should not be plastered upon a building but spread on it with a brush and well brushed out. This work of the painter makes him tired, but if he is conscientious and does his work carefully and thoroughly, he will use less paint with a much better result than the careless man who takes no interest in results.

Employ a good painter and pay him a fair price for his work. Have thin coats of Pure Linseed Oil Paint applied to a dry surface and have them well brushed out.

The cheapest paint and the best paint that ever was used on a house is the CHILTON.

If you want to know more, write direct to CHILTON MANUFACTURING CO., 60 Corland Street, New York City, for color cards and prices.

A CYCLONE
In a Forest is a Good Illustration of LaGrippe's Effect Upon the Nervous System.

DR. MILES' NERVINE
Repairs the Damage and Assists Nature in Restoring Order Among the Shattered Nerves.

The ravages of La Grippe upon the system are due to its peculiar exciting effect upon the nervous system. Its attacks are frequently so severe as to cause delirium in a few hours after the first symptoms appear. No medicine has ever been discovered that so readily repairs the damage to the shattered nerves as Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. It soothes and quiets the excited nerves and brings rest and sleep to the tired brain. It strengthens the stomach, brings back the appetite and stimulates digestion. If taken at once upon the first approach of the disease it will, in nine cases out of ten, repel the attack and prevent its further ravages.

Read the following account of La Grippe's devastation and how it was overcome: "I was naturally healthy and had a strong constitution, but La Grippe seemed to single me out and it did more to rob me of my health than all the sickness and trouble in my fifty years of life. I had suffered two severe attacks, from which I had never fully recovered and when the third one came I fell an easy victim. I had pains in my arms, shoulders and chest, especially on the left side; my nervous system was almost destroyed and I lost flesh, strength and energy. It seemed impossible for me to rally and relapse followed relapse until I came near dying from heart failure. My appetite was gone, digestion was impaired, bowels became constipated, and the food I ate did not seem to nourish me. After battling with death for several months during which time I had exhausted the resources of our local physicians, I consulted a renowned specialist. When he was unable to help me, a morbid fear took possession of me, and I believed I was beyond hope. I read in the papers of the good Dr. Miles' Nervine and bought for La Grippe victims and determined to try it. In a few days the miserable forebodings disappeared, my appetite improved, my sleep was regular and restful, and soon my trembling limbs began to regain their lost strength. I used the Nervine and Liver Pills for my bowels, and after taking a course of these remedies I was transformed into a new woman, and could bear my weight and assist nature to build up the worn out tissues.

By bringing sound, refreshing sleep to the tired brain, soothing the irritated nerves and creating good appetite, Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine overcomes the excessive waste of the system and replaces what disease has robbed it of. It adds strength to the vital force and assists nature to build up the worn out tissues.

Sample Treatment Free.
A trial package of Dr. Miles' favorite treatment, consisting of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and Dr. Miles' Nervine and Liver Pills will be sent absolutely free of cost to any person who will send name and address on a postal card, requesting the sample and mentioning name of this paper to Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

WE INVITE YOU TO VISIT OUR NEW
Cloak and Suit Department

Which we have opened on the second floor of our building. Tailor made Suits from \$7.50 to \$30. Separate Skirts \$1.50 to \$12.50. Coats \$5 to \$16.50. Special values can be had in our Dress Goods Department.

CARSON & TOWNER,
No. 11 West Main Street. Telephone 166.

Honest Value for Every Dollar Invested!
is what makes trade good and insures satisfaction to the purchaser. That once a customer always a patron. This applies to us, to our stock and our patrons, as we are willing to guarantee for quality—our cannot beat the price. Our stock of Carpets, Matting, Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats and shades never better, larger or at a less price. As we announced earlier in the season "we would not be undersold," and from the amount of goods we are selling it does not look that way.

MATTHEWS & CO., Nos. 81-83 NORTH STREET, MIDDLETOWN

COAL, COAL, COAL!
Wilson & Wood
SUCCESSORS TO BODINE & CO., DEALERS IN
High and All kinds of Free Burning Coal
Cumberland Coal for Smithing purposes, Charcoal, etc.
Office and Yard, No. 15 Depot St.
Telephone Call No. 35.

G. WILSON. J. D. WOOD

WE CAN'T AFFORD TO GIVE TRADING STAMPS.
But We Can Afford and Do Give Our Customers
1,000 Pounds for a Ton of the Best COAL Mined
THOROUGHLY SCREENED, AT REGULAR PRICES.

GORDON & HORTON,
No. 12-20 Henry Street Telephone No. 181.

WOOD & HORTON,
DEALERS IN
Lleigh and Baled Hay, Free Burning COAL, Flour, Straw FEED AND GRAIN.
Wholesale Agents for H. O. Co.'s Table Goods.

POULTRY, HORSE AND DAIRY FEED.
Yard and Store House—110 and 112 Genung Street, on N. Y. S. and W. Railroad.
Office and Salesroom—69 West Main St. Telephone 313.

NEW SPRING STYLES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT OF
Our Stock of Shoes
Suitable for the smallest child to the largest man. There are too many different things to specify at this time, but we shall be glad to show them to all who will call at the One Price Shoe Store of
I. G. Harding, 25 West Main St., Middletown.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
Money left with the First National Bank of Middletown, on certificate of deposit, for three months, will draw interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum. By order of the Board of Directors. I. G. HARDING, Cashier.

THEY CURE
(not simply relieve)
Indigestion
All liver ailments
Constipation
All stomach troubles
Biliousness
Sick headache
DON'T DIET
Don't what you want and lose it
Do not accept a substitute of any kind.
White wrappers if constipated, yellow if bowels are loose.
For sale at all druggists, 25c. and 50c.
DR. J. A. DEANE CO., Kingston, N. Y.

Dr. Deane's Dyspepsia Pills.

STERN'S
Here are Some of Our Special Leaders, Which Cannot Be Equalled.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Spring Jackets in great variety. Ladies' Tailor Made Suits—We carry over 75 in stock. If you are in need of a nice Misses' Suit, come in. We do not charge a big price; sell them cheaper than you can have them made. Silk, Satin and Washable Shirt Waists; also a full line of Separate Skirts. The Millinery Department is now complete. We have our full force of milliners, so you need not wait. We employ only first-class milliners, and make every hat in our store; no misrepresenting. Established 21 years.

L. Stern, 13-15 North Street.

